architecture of conflict

graphic timeline: israel

graphic timeline: west bank

growth of a settlement
one way surveillance
From the Israeli side, the barrier often appears as a single, coalescing wall, but in reality it is a combination of physical barriers, including beaten earth, fences, and vehicle checkpoints. The most visible section of the wall is the separation barrier, which is a significant obstacle to Palestinians trying to reach their homes and workplaces. The wall is 6 meters high in places, making it difficult for those on the Palestinian side to see over it. It is up to 40 meters wide in places.

From the Palestinian side, the separation wall encircles dense city centers, and in some places it separates villages from their farms. Palestinians often refer to the barrier as the "apartheid" or "segregation" wall. Some refer to it as "the borderisation intensification wall" because of its effectiveness in intensifying the separation between the two sides. The wall is part of a complex system that includes the separation barrier, the Israeli security barrier, the Israeli settlement network, and checkpoints. Over 200,000 Palestinians live within 300 meters of a wall, trapped between the barrier and the 1949 Armistice Line, unable to enter either Israeli or Palestinian territories unless authorized by Israeli authorities.

The wall is regularly contested by Palestinians, with demonstrations and protests against the barrier being a common sight. The barrier has become a symbol of resistance and struggle for Palestinian rights.
israel west bank
prototype seating | shading
elevation

bus | taxi parking
elevation

community gardens
plan

scale
features

material

features
parking and shading market and shading bus stop and garden
bus stop and market
bus stop and tower
garden and market
bus stop, market, shading

garden and tower