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Charon's Passage: A Pyramid for the 21st Century

Maximilian Kronauer

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Charon's Passage



a pyramid for the 21st century

Maximilian Kronauer

2017

Charon's Passage is the product of nimiety¹: a pyramid for the 21st century. By engaging the mausoleum within the context of global urbanization and global consumption, notions of permanence and object-form relationships are challenged and renegotiated through the introduction of foreign agents and spatial products.

As an architectural project, the mausoleum engages with architecture for architecture's sake, a side-effect of the program-less status it enjoys. Furthermore, the mausoleum is conceived as an object of permanence: culturally and tectonically it is designed to last forever and, by association, formally predicated on autonomy. Consequently, the mausoleum typology affirms the issue of significant form, privileging formal operations over the context, the user, and the program. Yet, the mausoleum falls back on antiquated imagery and symbolism, relying on its stoic stasis that has resisted change and contemporary design methodologies. Limited by an autocratic definition of form, the mausoleum is unyielding whereas 21st century architecture is dynamic; a malleable system open to interpretation. Thus, the mausoleum stands in opposition to urbanization's ethos of pluralistic formless expansion of the city.

Charon's Passage reclaims the idle territory of the mausoleum by activating it with public space for the living as well as the dead to undermine its conventional dialectics and identity of funerary architecture. Reconceptualizing the mausoleum with the active program of the casino-resort proposes a synthesis of opposing parts, a conflict that positions stereotomic form against the tectonic. Cohabiting antagonistic forces now produce an architecture of simultaneities in the mausoleum. The resolution of the mausoleum-resort/resort-mausoleum manufactures unorthodox urbanistic and social relationships between architecture and capitalist "modes of accumulation."² As casino, the typology rejects the "capitalist myth of work,"³ in favor of an "expansive choreography of leisure,"⁴ resulting in a product where life and death are bound by a singular utopian concept: paradise. In this Eden, the mausoleum is positioned as a formal artifact that empowers its own (a)political and economic systems of control. The mausoleum is now an architectural and infrastructural chassis that no longer hinges on reflection or lamentation, but supports spirited civic activities. Ultimately, the agency of the project is facilitated by overlapping autonomies that assume the scale, density, and power structures of a city-state as exhibited by the casino-resort while reinforcing the sacredness of the mausoleum's objective formal agenda.

1 nimiety: the state of being more than is necessary or desirable; excess

2 Aureli, Pier. The Project of Autonomy (Princeton: Princeton Architectural Press, 2013),6. 3 Aureli. 38.

4 Easterling, Keller. Enduring Innocence (Cambridge: MIT Press, 2008), 23.



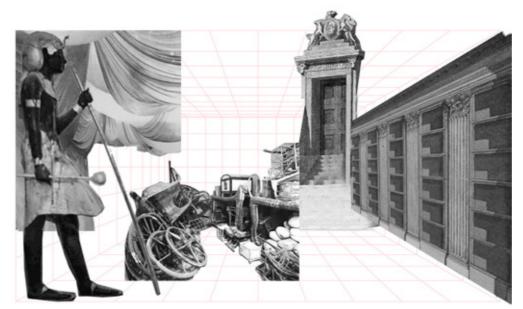
"Tourism maintains a Vatican-like state-within-a-state offering political asylum, internal escape, and immunity to all those converts who recognize and endorse its image." - Keller Easterling, Enduring Innocence

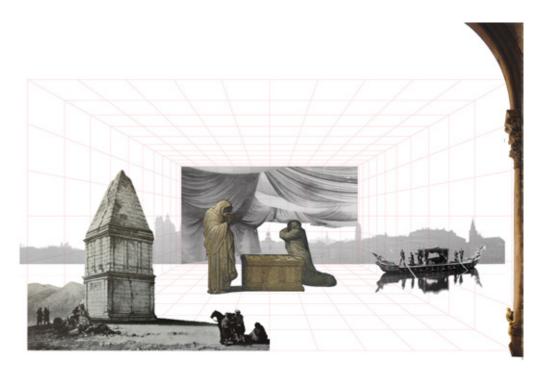


Tomb of Nero, Giovanni Piranesi, c. 1750

Spaces of Death







Floating Sovereignties



The Tower of Babel, Pieter Bruegel, 1563





Island of Utopia

Icons of Nimiety



Tomb Eurysaces

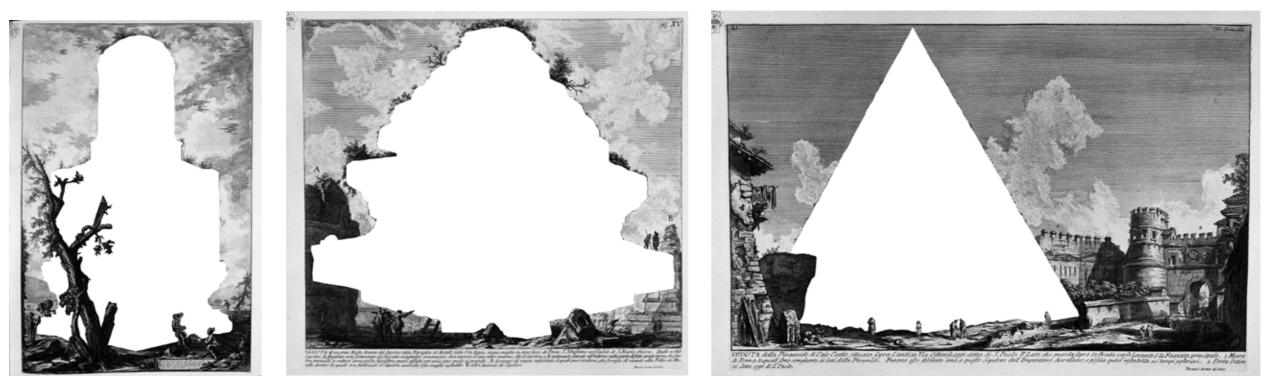


Cruise Ship Section



New York New York

The Grand Tour



Tomb of Distaff

Roman Family Tomb

Pyramid of Cestius

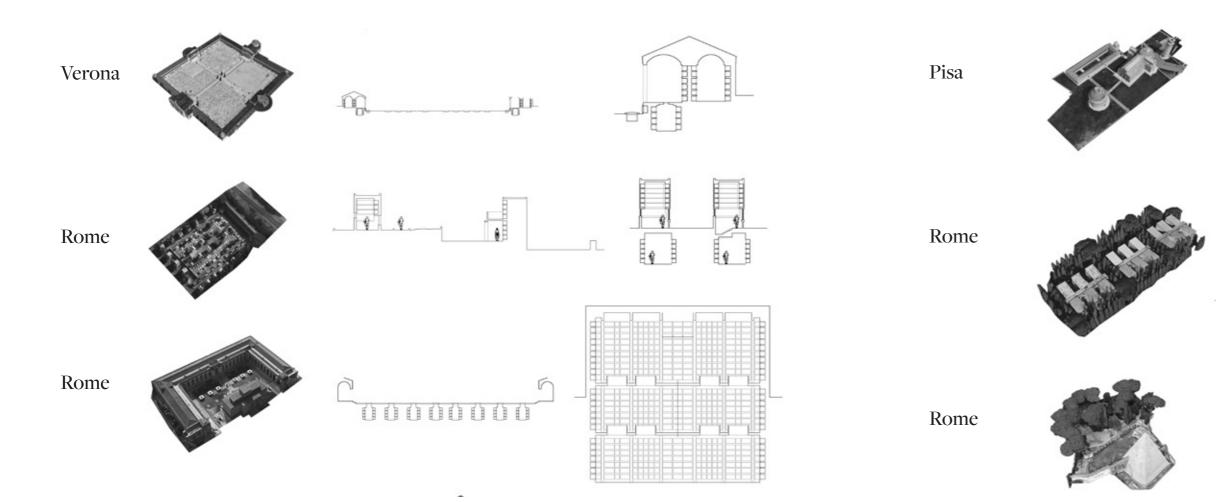
The Archipelago

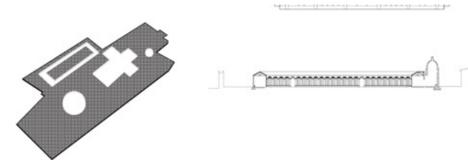


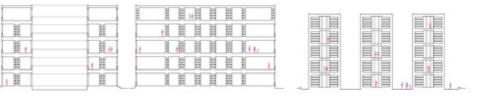
Venice Lagoon

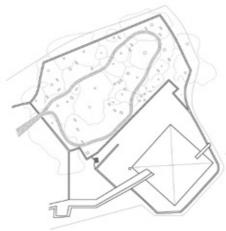


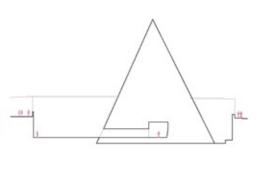
The Cemetery









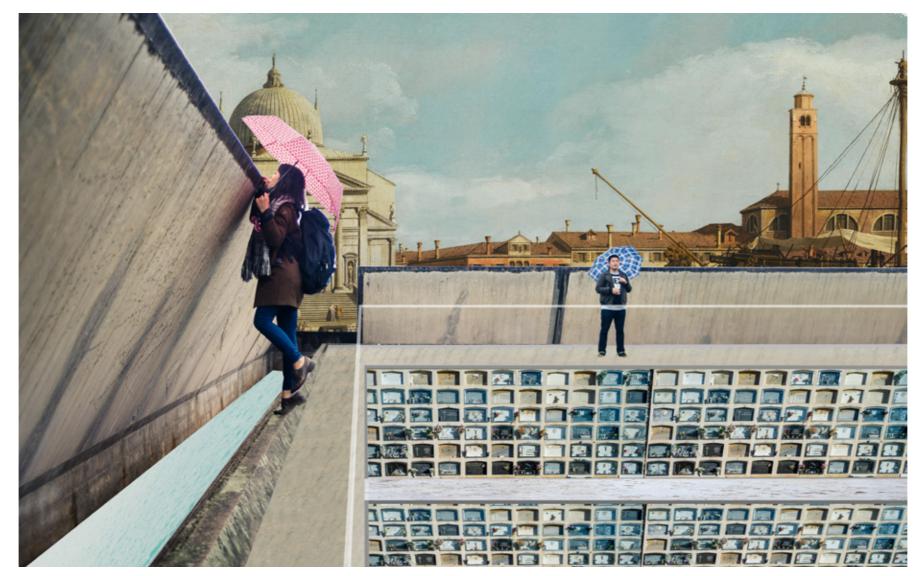


The Grand Tour



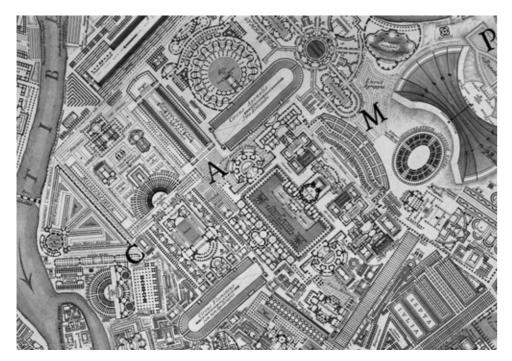
Dubai Islands

The Subject



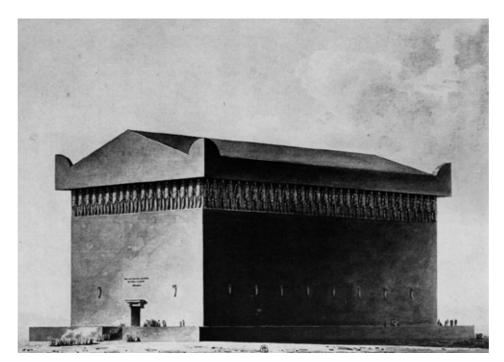
The Promenade

Necropolis



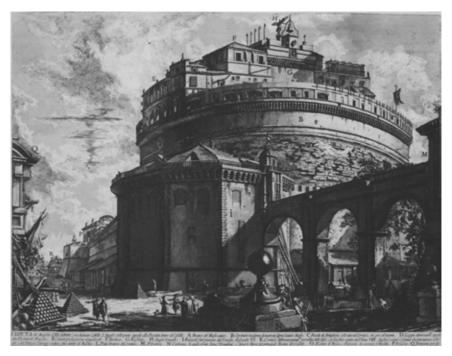
Campo Marizo, Giovanni Pianesi, 1756

Scalable Artifact



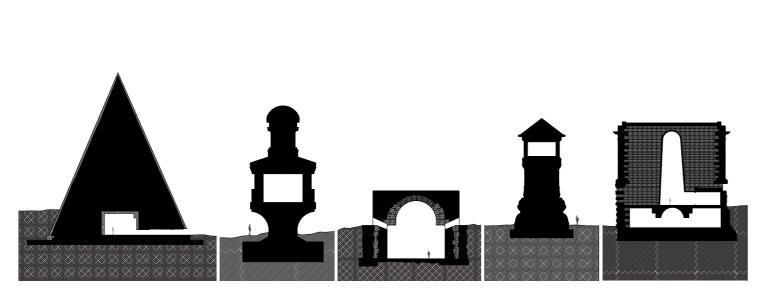
Tomb of A Soldier, Boullee, c. 1750

Urban Microcosm

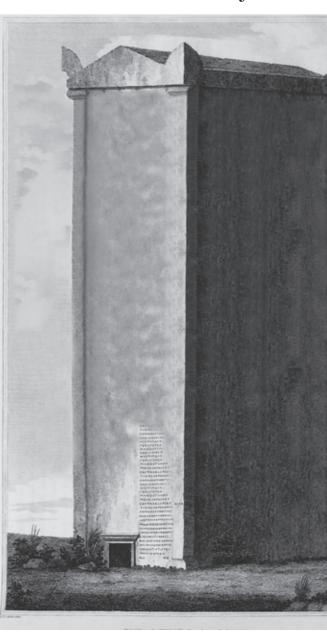


Hadrian's Tomb, Giovanni Piranesi, 1756

Scalable Artifact

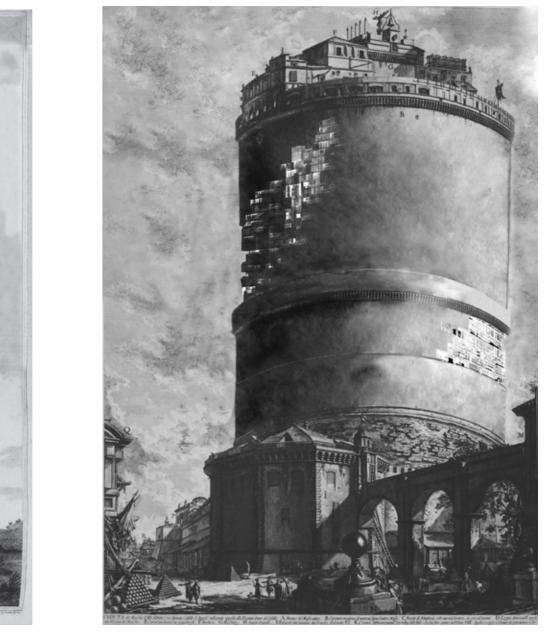


Necropolis Section

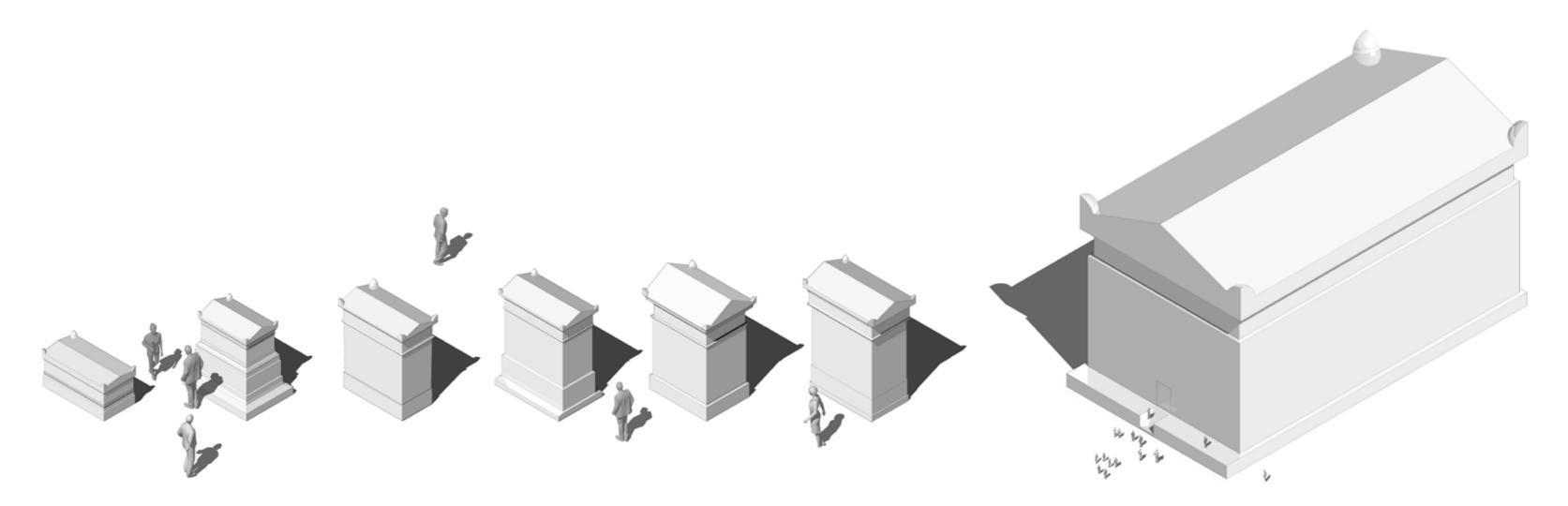


Tomb of an Individual

Urban Microcosm

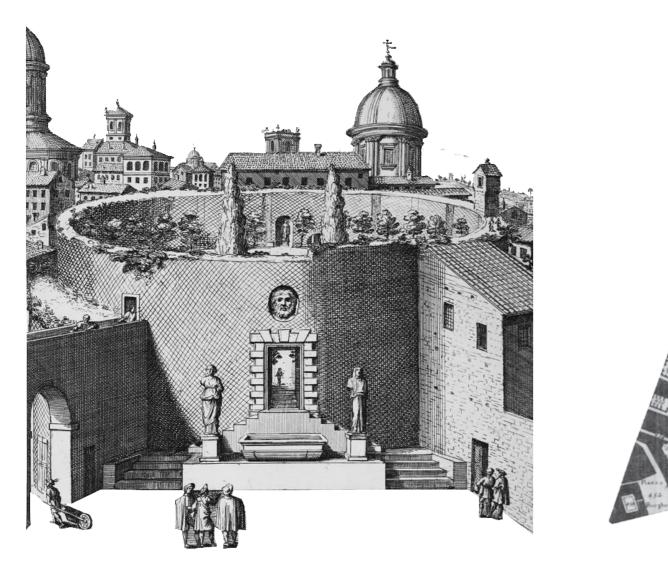


Hadrian's Skyscaper

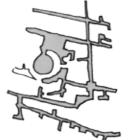


Scales of Association

Tomb of A Soldier

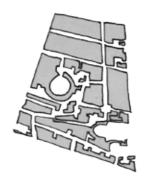


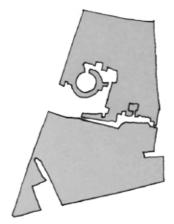


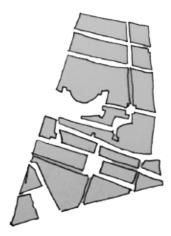




Tomb of Augustus



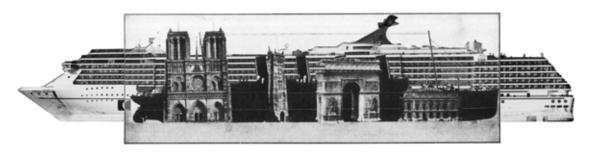




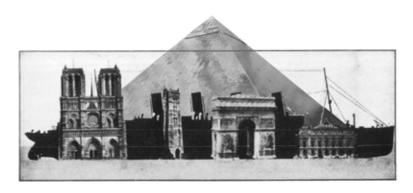
Object Urbanism

Cruise Ship

Casino Resort

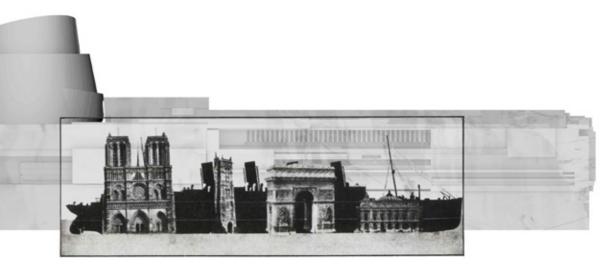


The cruise ship, Sea of Harmony, Royal Caribbean, carries 5,479 persons.



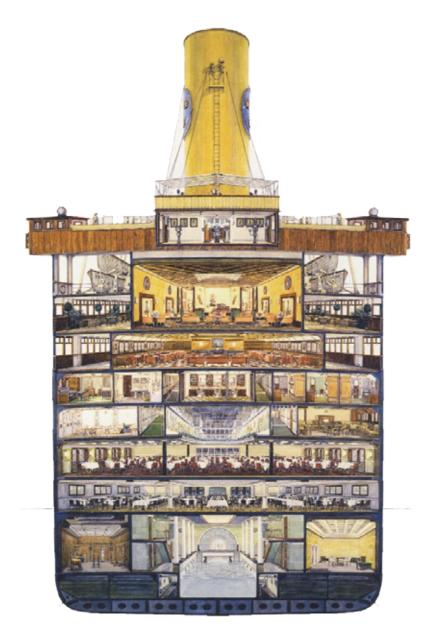
The Casino, Luxor, Las Vegas, holds 6,000 persons.

Mausoleum-City State



Charon's Passage, carries 12,000 persons.

Cruise Line







Cruise Liner Program

ball room promenade 1st class 2st class

3st class

Dining Saloon Dining Saloon Smoking Saloon Smoking Saloon Dining Saloon Store Room Baggage

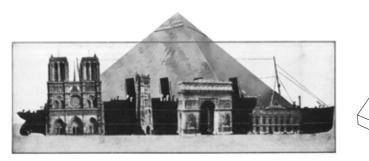
Engine

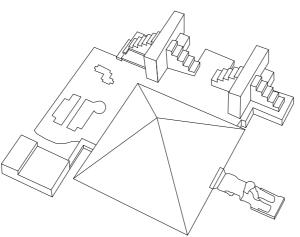
Fuel

Double Liner



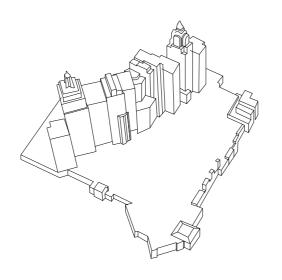
The Casino





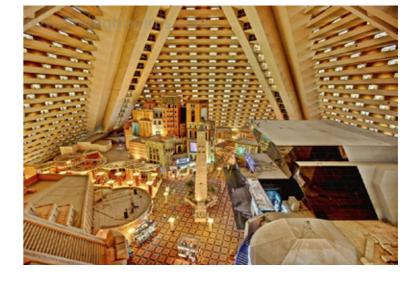






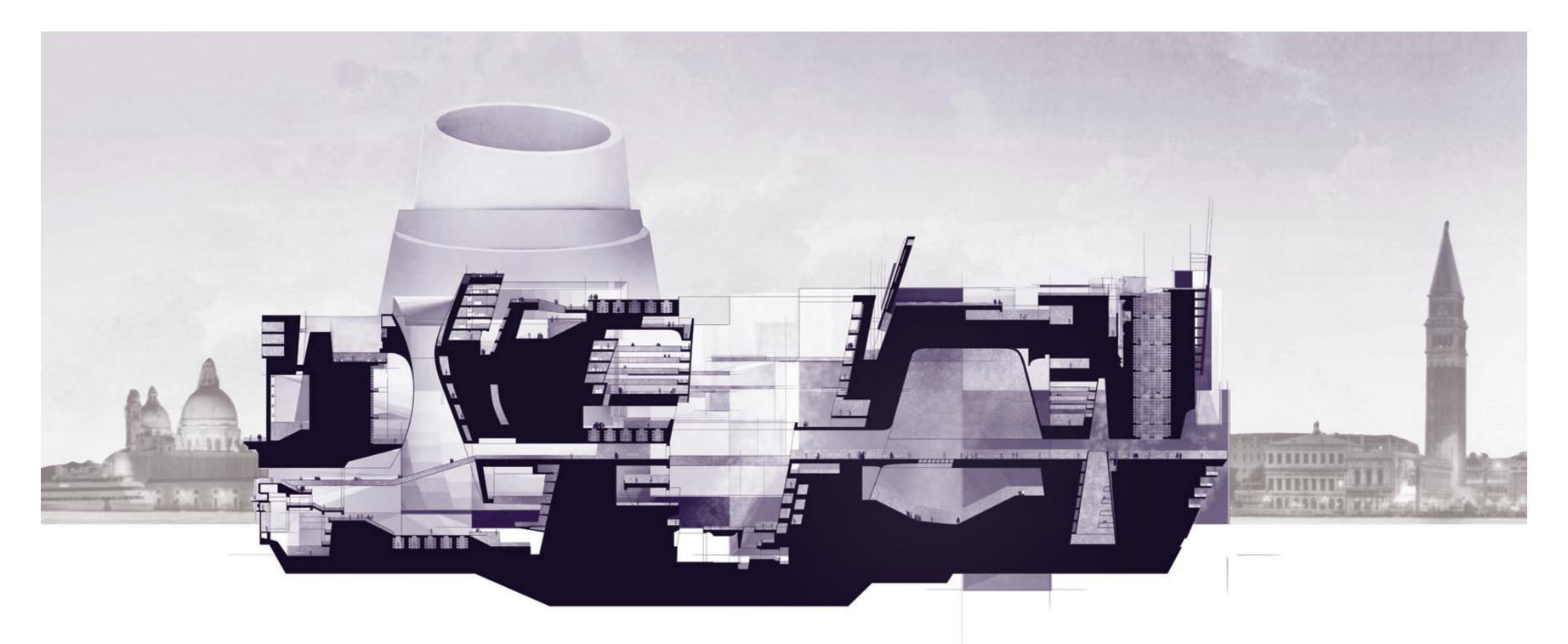








City Section



Scales of Autonomy











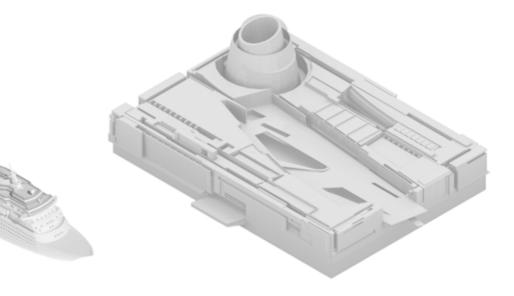
Tomb of Hadrian

Great Pyramid

Tomb of a Soldier

New York, New York

Sea of Harmony



Charon's Passage

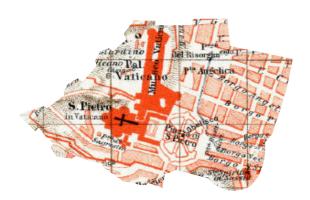
Civic Scale

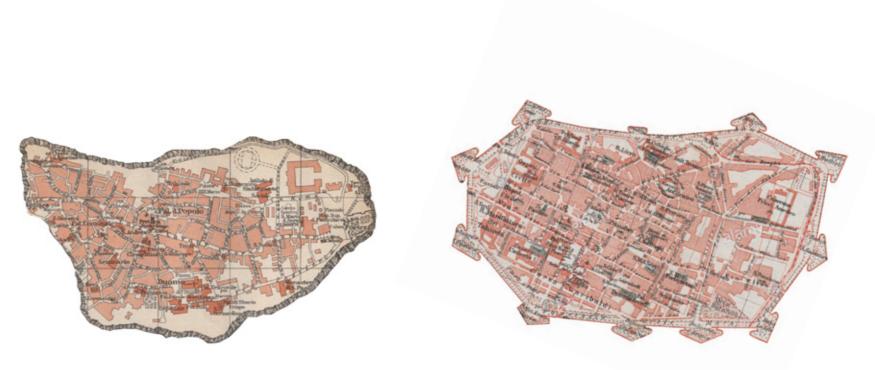




Palazzo Charon

Florentia

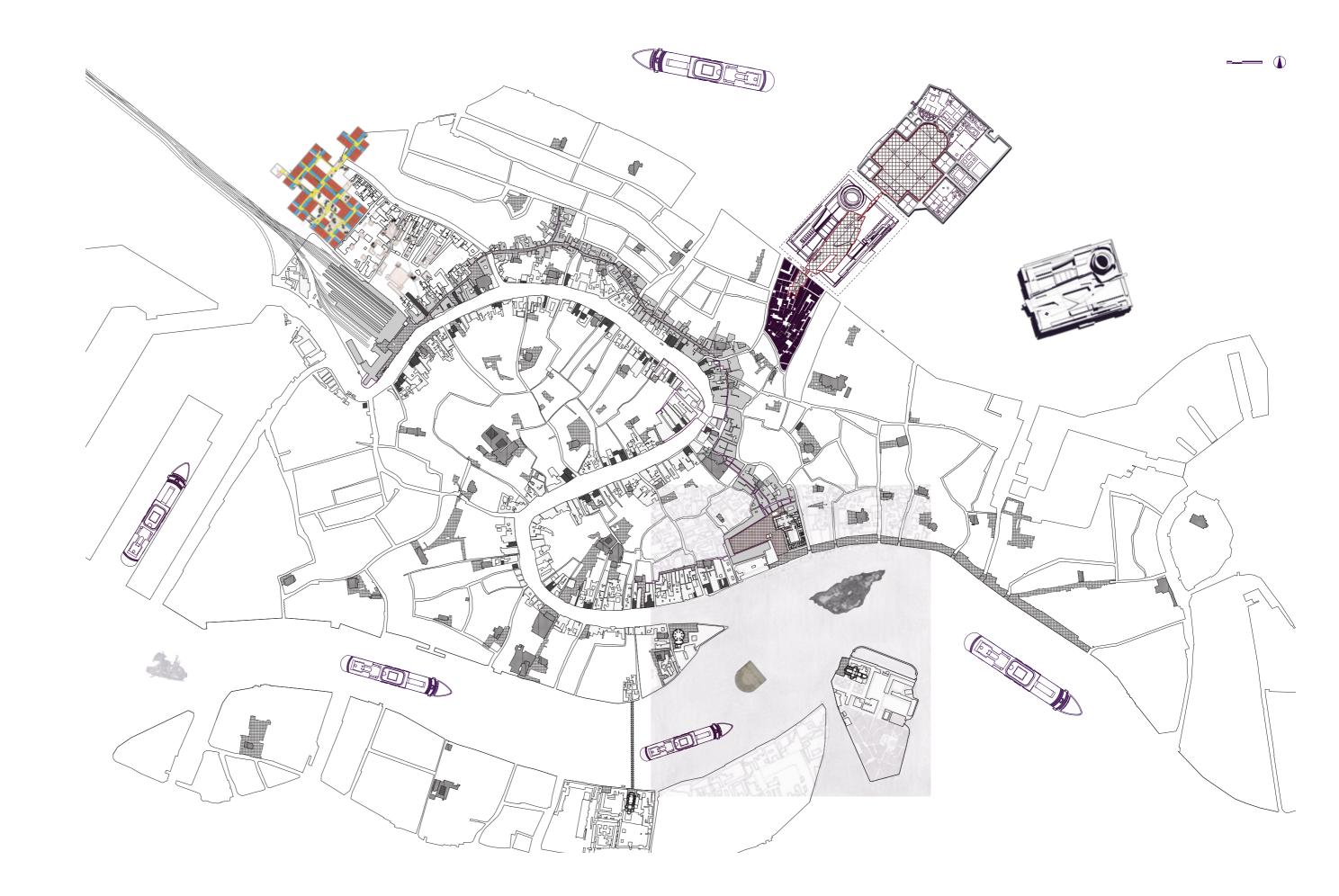




Vatican

Orvieto

Lucca



Site

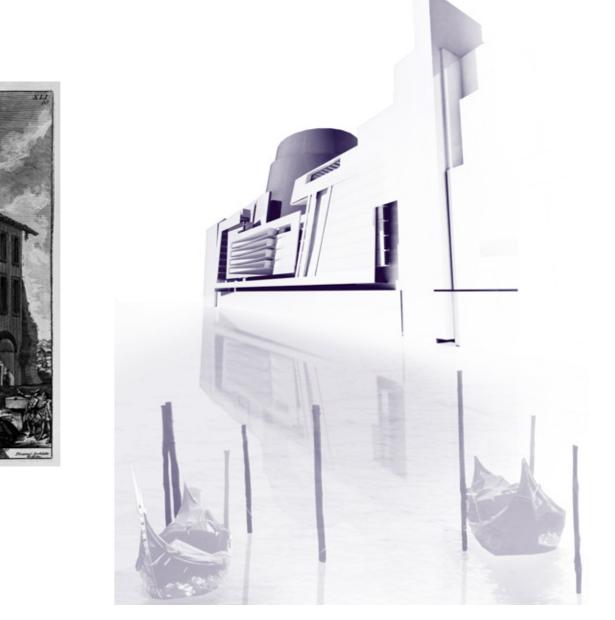
Exterior Body



Costa Furtuna, Venice



Roman Columbarium, Piranesi, c. 1750



The Cruise Ship



Sea of Harmony



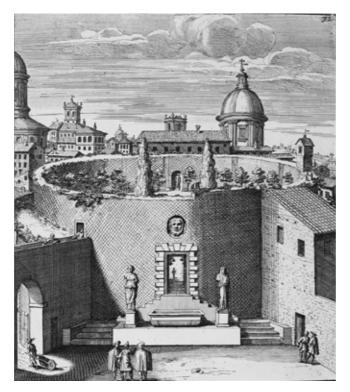
Section of the Sepulchral Chamber, Piranesi, c. 1750



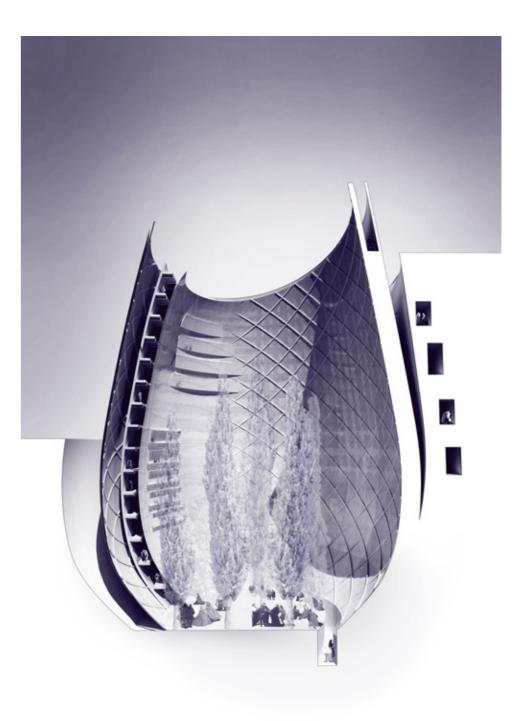
The Cruise Ship



Sea of Harmony



Mausoleum of Augustus, Aegidius Sadeler, c. 1600



The Casino



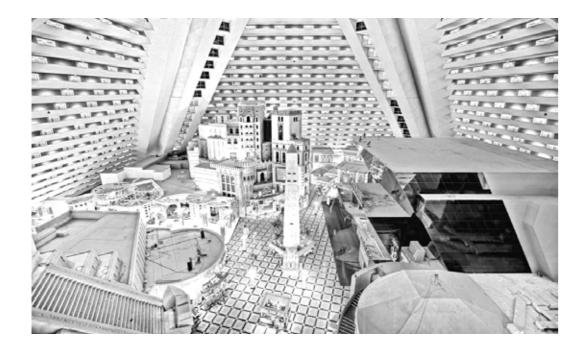
Luxor Casino, Las Vegas



New Sacristy, Michelangelo, 1520



The Casino



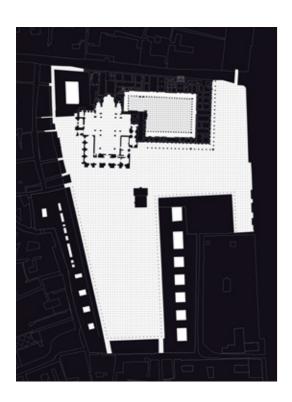
Luxor Casino, Las Vegas

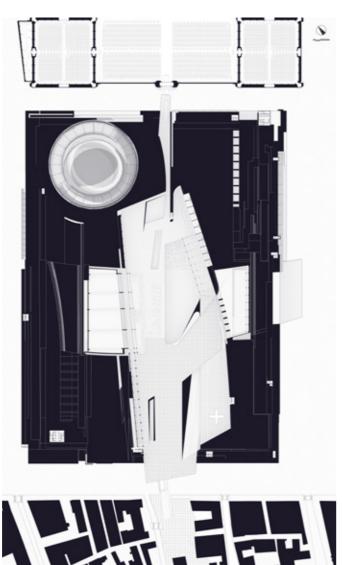


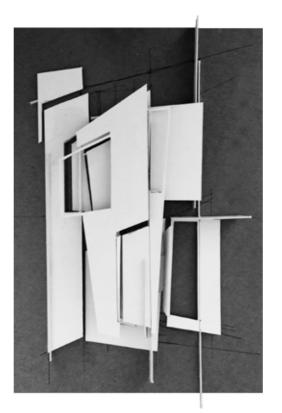
Ancient Temple, Piranesi, 1743



The Piazza









Tectonic Layering

Piazza San Marco

Charon's Passage

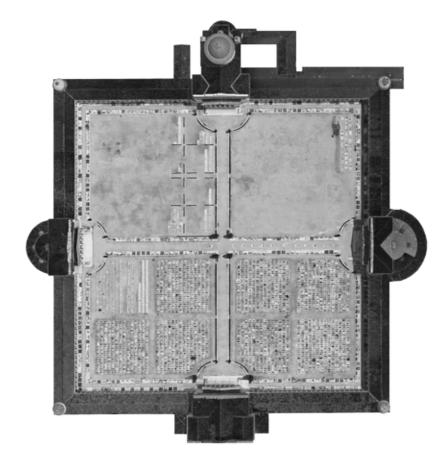




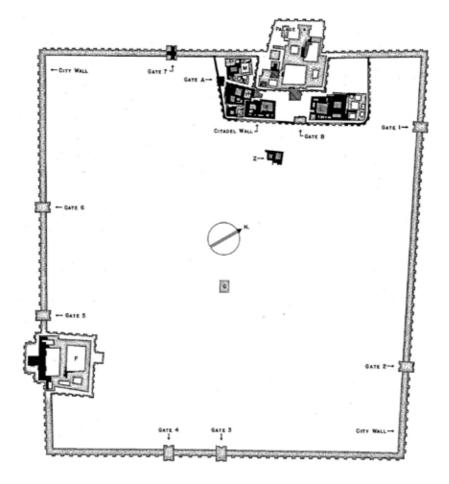
Program Overlap

Figure Ground

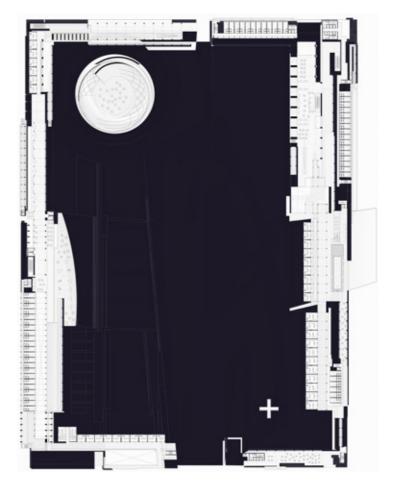
The Wall



Cimitero Monumentale, Verona

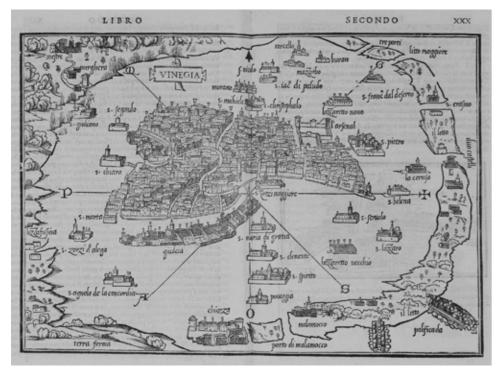


Dur-Sharrukin, Assyria

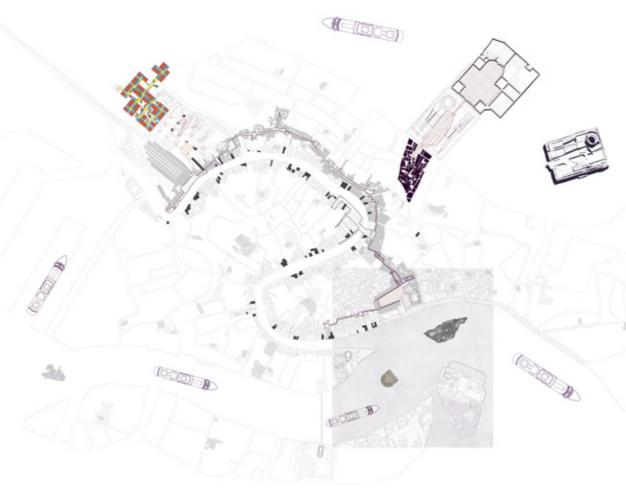


Charon's Passage

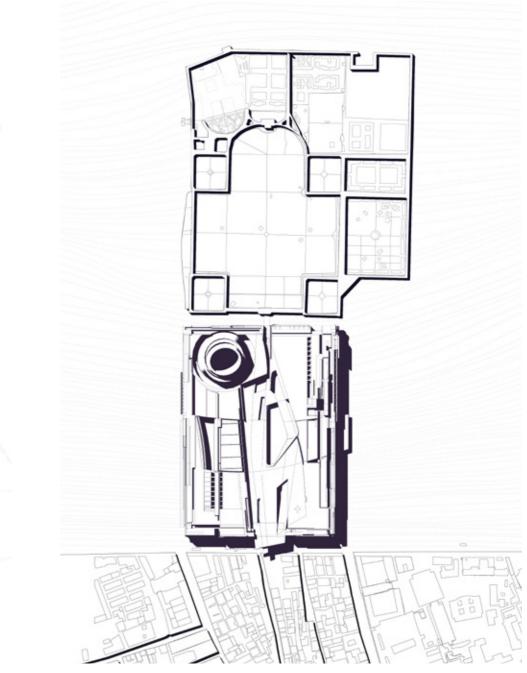
Site of Activation



Venice Lagoon, Bordone Benedetto, 1547

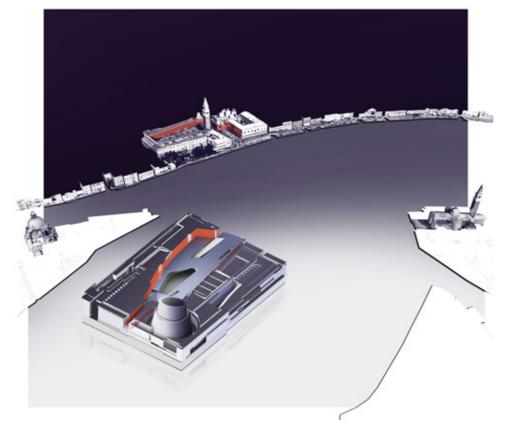


Venice Projects



San Michele Bridge

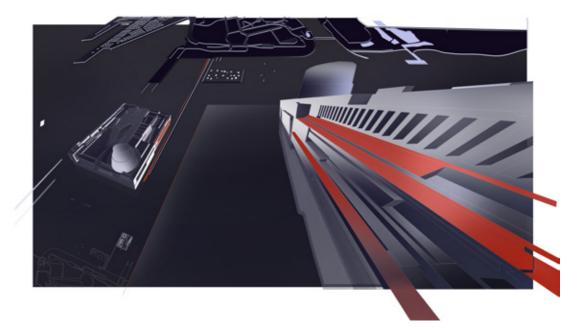
Site of Activation



Piazza Connection

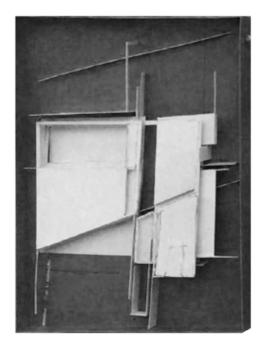


Hong Kong Port



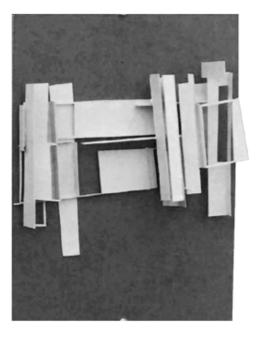
Singapore Port

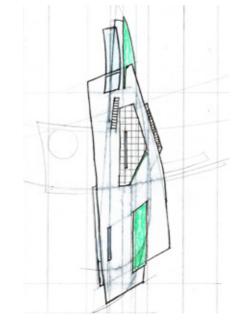
City State Elements



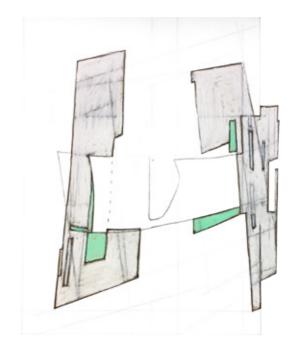
Tectonic Studies

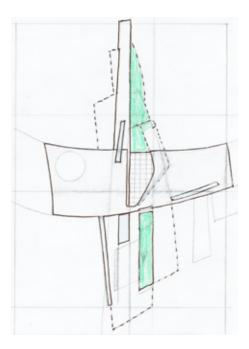




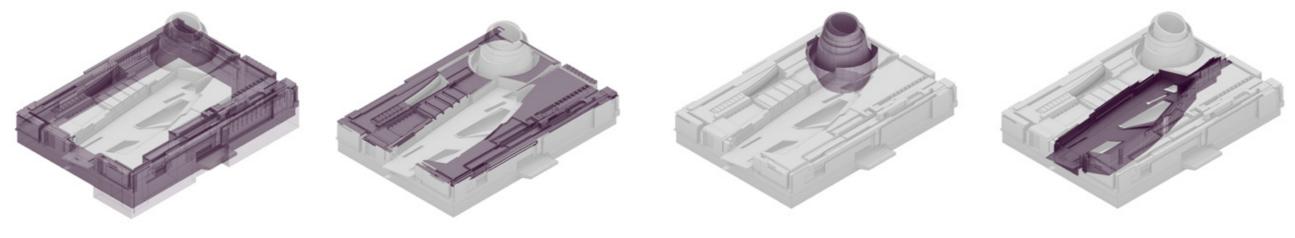


Piazza Studies





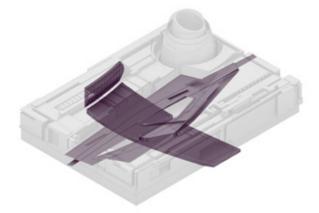
City State Elements



Wall

Ground Plane

Pantheon



Piazza

Cardo and Decumanus

Charon's Passage



a pyramid for the 21st century

Maximilian Kronauer 2017