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59th Street Bridge Museum and Market

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59 TI ST BRIDGE MUSEUM AND MARKET

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MARTIN MARCIANO DEC 11 1986 THESIS PREP This thesis is to serve as an investigation and response into the architectural issue of scale juxtaposition. In this case the condition which occurs is the result of a modern feat of engineering at one scale, disrupting and imposing itself onto an urban and and historical context which is at a more intimate scale. Consequently, there is a loss of identity or spatial relationships in the urban context which may have existed prior to this modern intervention. It is my goal to take advantage and develop a response to these disparate scales and their images. It is also the opportunity for spatially redefining a rare opening in a dense urban fabric that the difference of the two scales has created.

The scale juxtaposition around which my thesis is centered involves two different elements. One is a bridge serving a regional transportation link between Queens, N.Y. and Manhattan. The bridge is at a dramatic, almost monumental scale creating a very strong visual impact. The other element is a part of NYC's urban fabric, along the East River. The neighborhood contains intricate patterns and an intimate quality which combine to form a more personal scale. It is the difference in the scales of the bridge and the urban context which forms the juxtaposition and the opportunity for investigations into unique site and image qualities that I wish to concentrate. Some of the other urban and and architectural issues to be studied include; the spatial

and conceptual transformations that occur when the city defines its boundaries, in this case, along the waters edge, the challenge and opportunitty for further developing and adding to New York Citys existing infrastructure while accommondating varied program and site restrictions; as well as others not yet discovered.

Projected Program

As a vehicle for my ideas, and as a reflection of the uniqueness of the site, I am proposing a museum and archives which will represent an overview on the history of transportation and Civil Engineering in New York City. At the present there is only one small transportation museum in Brooklyn, and no collected documentation on the history of Civil Engineering in and around New York City. In addition the opportunities for sectional development of a related retail complex and public spaces would serve as a continuation of 59th St's commercial character down to the waters edge. This could be done using existing building prototypes, as in Sutton Place's gardens over the FDR Drive, and would tie in with a proposal for the revitalization and renovation of one of New York City's historic farmers markets originally located within the bridges structure.

Site History and Description

The site in Manhattan is the area directly below the 59th Street Bridge, between 59th and 60th streets, including enterance to the bridge at Second avenue, the block between Second and First avenues, on either side of York Ave/Sutton Place and above and on either side of the Franklin Delanor Roosevelt Drive to the water's edge. The bridge opened in 1909 and was designed by the municipal department of bridges and architect Henry Hornbostel. It provided the long awaited link to Queens and was considered a signifigant achievement in the melding of engineering and architecture, boldly using steel framing in an ornamental manner. The bridge was designed to vehicular, pedestrian, and trolley car traffic, then the major means of public transportation to Queens. Until the 1930's there was a farmers market located within the bridges structure on the west half of the block between First avenue and Sutton Place. The area within the stucture directly below the bridges enterance was originally used for the storage of trolley cars. The bridge also crosses Roosevelt Island which was once reached by elevators which descended within the bridge supports from the bridges roadway. Fifty-Ninth street is one of the few major arteries that crosses the city, running along the southern border of New York City's Central Park, and terminating in one of Manhattans major

nodes, Columbus Circle. The street carries both retail and residential importance, home to such prestigous stores as Bloomingdales on Second Avenue and bordering Sutton Place, one of the city's most affluent neighborhoods.

At the present there is the defunct market within the bridges's structure which is used for storage on the west half of the block between 59th and 60th streets and York and 1st avenue. On the east half of this block is a dirt lot, a baseball field during the summer and enclosed by an air supported structure over tennis courts during the winter. Between York and and the FDR Drive is a parking lot and steam plant, while on the waters edge is a three storey storage garage and a heliport, accessed over the FDR Drive from York Avenue. Running parallel to the bridge is the Roosevelt Island Tramway running from Roosevelt Island and descending opposite the enterance to the bridge on 2nd Avenue.

Recent History

Program Description

The museum will exhibit some aspects of the history of transportation but will mainly concentrate on the history of Civil Engineering around New York City. Exhibits will display historic means of transportation, photographs, original construction drawings for bridge and tunnel construction, and scaled models, among other things.

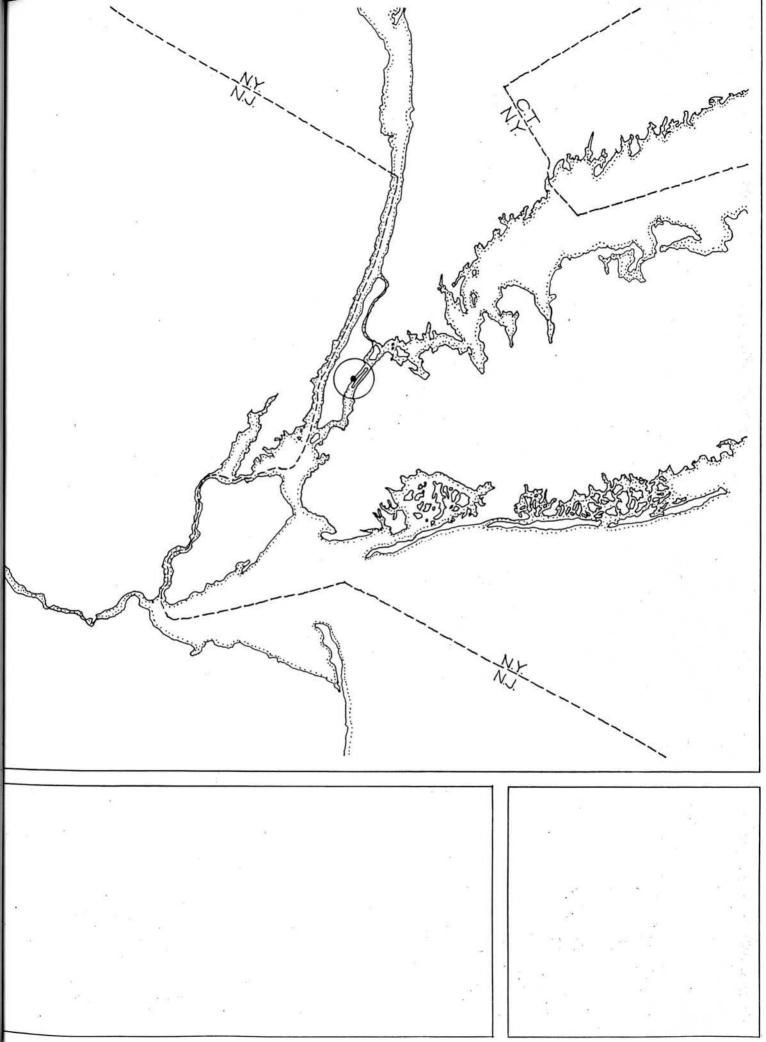
The archives will hold all historic documentation on any subject matter related to Civil Engineering. It will be a public resource center although most of its information will not circulate and priority will be given to experts in the field.

The administration for the museum will be seperate to that of the archive's. In addition to the archive's administration, there will be connected classrooms for various seminars or related research studies.

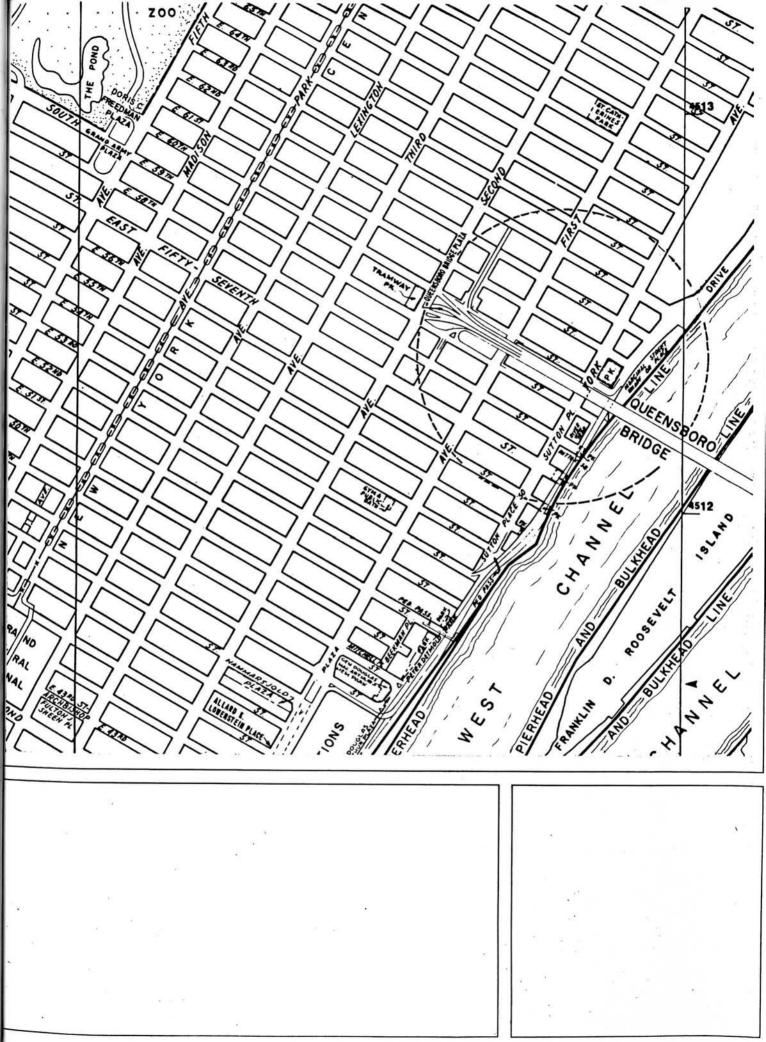
The retail market would primarily be at street level and

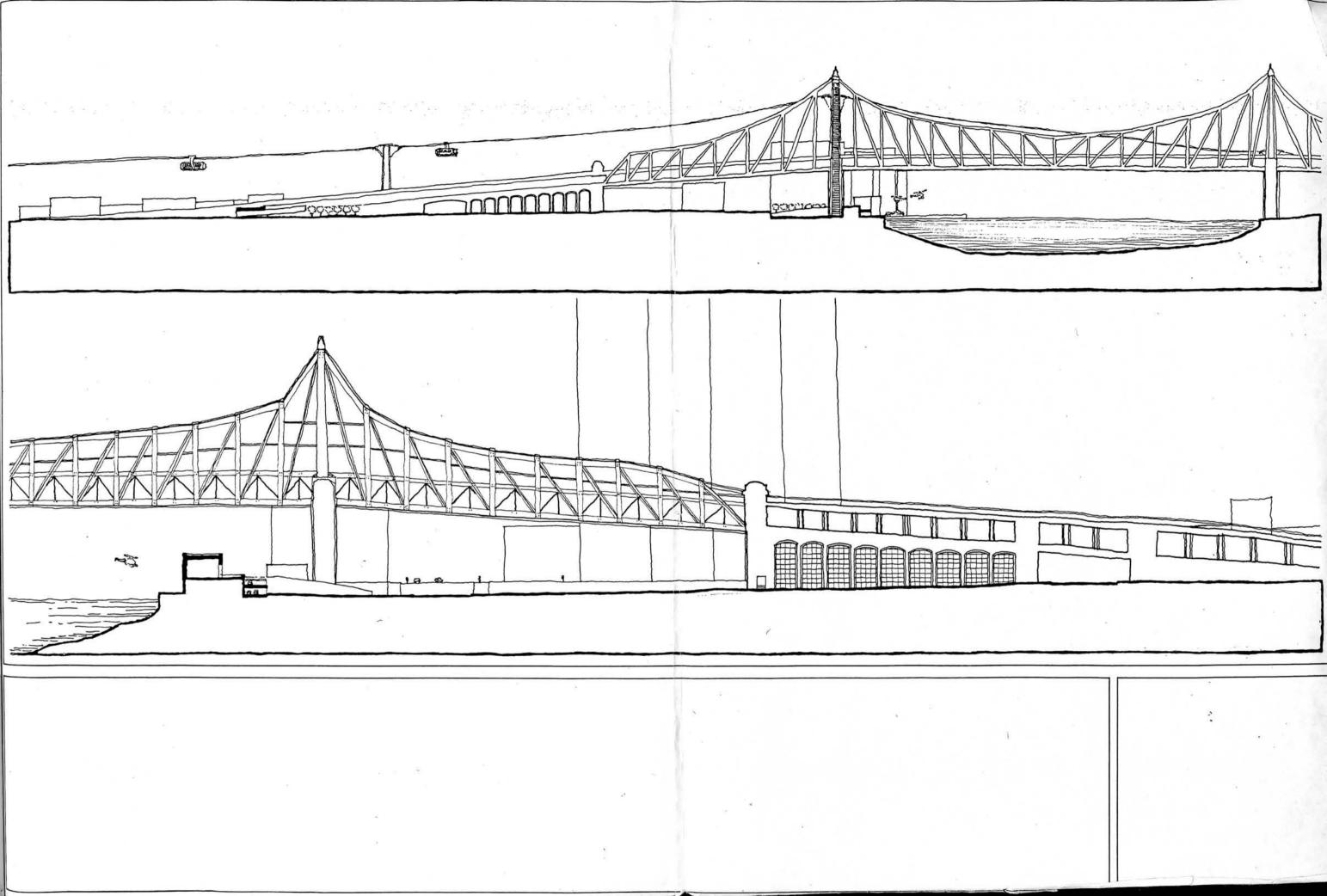
provide the major public access down to the water's edge from within the city or the reverse. A public overlook could be provided at the terminus to the whole complex over the water and possibly provide for access to the heliport or a proposed green area along the waters edge.

Detailed Program Enterance 150 Information Coat Check Telephones Storage/Sevice	Square Feet 1200 Tickets 800 150 36
CAFE Eating area Service area Prep Storage Office	3400 350 950 225 225
BOOK SHOP Open floor Office storage	900 225 150
AUDITORIUM/IECTURE HALL 200 seats Lobby Projection booth Stage Back stage Storage/Service	2500 675 100 600 775 65 850 D
EXHIBITION SPACES Possible outdoor exhibit area Storage/Prep/Receiving Area	5@7400 AS REQ'D
ADMINISTRATION Directors office Curators office Staff offices [3 @ 100sq.ft.] Secretarial [3 @ 50sq.ft.] Conference Room Lounge Storage/Service	200 200 300 150 500 400 As 250'h
ARCHIVES/LIBRARY Stacks Reference Periodicals AV equipment Reading Area Projection room	7500 400 400 400 20 2400 900











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