#### **Syracuse University**

#### SURFACE

**Imagining America** 

Scholarship in Action

6-4-2011

# What is the Future of Civic Engagement in Higher Education? Next Generation Engagement: Undergraduates, Graduate Students and **Early Career Faculty**

Cecilia Orphan American Democracy Project

Tim Eatman Syracuse University

Adam Bush College Unbound and Imaging America

Follow this and additional works at: https://surface.syr.edu/ia



Part of the Arts and Humanities Commons

#### **Recommended Citation**

Orphan, Cecilia; Eatman, Tim; and Bush, Adam, "What is the Future of Civic Engagement in Higher Education? Next Generation Engagement: Undergraduates, Graduate Students and Early Career Faculty" (2011). Imagining America. 22.

https://surface.syr.edu/ia/22

This Article is brought to you for free and open access by the Scholarship in Action at SURFACE. It has been accepted for inclusion in Imagining America by an authorized administrator of SURFACE. For more information, please contact surface@syr.edu.







# What is the Future of Civic Engagement in Higher Education? Next Generation Engagement: Undergraduates, Graduate Students and Early Career Faculty

American, Democracy Project, Orlando, Florida June 4, 2011

The Next Generation Engagement Project comprises a cross-disciplinary collection of civically engaged scholars at various stages in their careers. They are exploring new ways to conceptualize the development of the next generation of leaders of civic engagement in higher education. The Next Generation Scholars share their insights, interests, and challenges, and they engage participants in an exploration of strategies for advancing the next generation of engaged scholars and practitioners. Through collaborative book projects, civic seminars and research on the arc of the career of the publicly engaged scholar, the participants have worked over the past year to embody the future of civic engagement through the development of interdisciplinary structures, mentorship for graduate students and early career faculty, development of graduate programs, and the support of early career faculty.

For more on NERCHE's Next Generation Engagement Project: <a href="http://www.nerche.org/">http://www.nerche.org/</a>

For more on the work of the American Democracy Project: <a href="http://www.aascu.org/programs/adp/about.htm">http://www.aascu.org/programs/adp/about.htm</a>

For more information on Imagining America: www.imaginingamerica.org

To learn more about IA's Publicly Engaged Scholar Research: http://www.ia-research.org

To learn more about College Unbound: www.collegeunbound.org

Contact Information
Cecilia Orphan, American Democracy Project, AASCU
OrphanC@aascu.org

**Tim Eatman**, Syracuse University and Imagining America tkeatman@syr.edu, www.timothykeatman.com

**Adam Bush**, College Unbound and Imagining America abush@bigpicturelearning.org

#### **About the PES Study**

As the role of higher education institutions changes within the present age there is an increasing need to understand the implications of that evolution as it relates to the citizenry of academe. Imagining America: Artists and Scholars in Public Life (IA) assembled a research team to explore how education can meet the reciprocal vision of university as a public good (Ernest L Boyer, 1996; Cantor, 2008) through publicly engaged scholarship (PES). IA defines public scholarship as, "as scholarly or creative activity that joins serious intellectual endeavor with a commitment to public practice and public consequence" (Eatman, 2009, p. 18). This Syracuse University IRB approved study seeks to develop profiles of publicly engaged scholars to learn about their educational and career aspirations, including reflections on identity development and motivations for PES.

Nancy Cantor, Chancellor and President of Syracuse University, champions a vision of "Scholarship in Action" within the campus and community of Central New York. She maintains that academic institutions should be social actors on both local and national levels. "Just as the Morrill Act of the 19th century acknowledged the family farm as the anchor of American social life and the source of scientific innovation, we need a 21st-century equivalent that acknowledges the role that schools must play today in our communities, our democracy, and our global economy" (Cantor, 2008). In order to facilitate such a transformation, the "scope of scholarship should be broadened to include" the: discovery, integration, application, and the teaching of knowledge, while rewarding "all forms of scholarship" (Ernest L Boyer, 1996, p. 138).

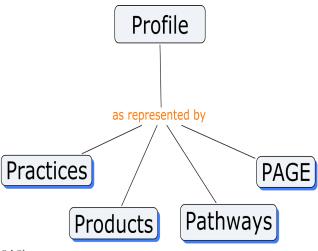
There is much that institutions of higher education need to learn about the aspirations and decisions of the evolving citizenry of knowledge creators identified within this research as publicly engaged scholars. Characterized by a different mindset about knowledge creation than their counterparts from previous generations, publicly engaged scholars and practitioners work both within and outside academe but see their work as dependent upon robust connections between campuses and communities in which they are located. This work holds particular significance for the development of graduate programs and attending to the arc of the career for engaged scholars in the present era.

#### Study Design

This mixed methods study analyzed approximately 460 responses to a 54 item (mostly multiple-choice or likert scale questions) web-based survey and 60 structured telephone interviews with participants who self-identified as graduate students or early career professionals (roughly 5 years out of graduate work) and publicly engaged scholars. The research team performed descriptive and correlation analyses on the survey data using SPSS. Grounded theory guided the explication of interview data, which two members of the research team coded individually using the software application Atlas.ti. Team members than came together to discuss their findings and enhance validity within their results. The data revealed early career publicly engaged scholars' perspectives on what motivates this scholarship, what kind of supports are necessary, and how publicly engaged scholars develop.

#### Conceptual and Theoretical Frameworks

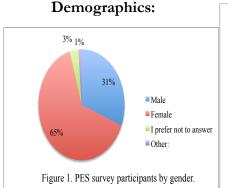
- Continuum of scholarship (Doberneck, Glass, & Schweitzer, 2010; Ellison & Eatman, 2008)
- Difference of perspectives about scholarly work and practice between PES and Traditional mindset including the production of scholarly artifacts, peers, importance of projects, career aspirations, role of scholarship etc. (Ernest L. Boyer, 1990, 1995; O'Meara, 2010)
- Agency (academic freedom)
- Institutional change (Ernest L. Boyer, 1990, 1995; Calhoun, 2006; Checkoway, 2001; Ellison & Eatman, 2008; O'Meara, 2010)

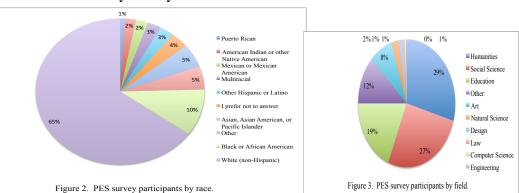


#### **Selected Key Research Questions**

- 1. What profile(s) best suit the emerging publicly engaged scholar in the cultural disciplines (arts humanities & design)?
  - a. Origins of identification, philosophies
  - b. Types of interests, projects, and work.
- 2. How does graduate education prepare students to become publically engaged scholars?
  - a. Mentoring
  - b. Training in engaged research methods
  - c. Culture of public purpose and legitimacy of community engagement
- 3. What professional pathways exist for publicly engaged scholars?
  - a. Range of options
  - b. Factors relating to sector choice
  - c. Risks and benefits of particular pathway choices
  - d. What *kinds* of programmatic resources and structures do students interested in public scholarship consider most effective or influential?

## Preliminary survey results





What is the Future of Civic Engagement in Higher Education?

Next Generation Engagement: Undergraduates, Graduate Students and Early Career Faculty
American, Democracy Project, Orlando, Florida
June 4, 2011

# **Identity:**

Question Multiple choice - multiple answ							
	reflect on your life today, as a publicly e ?? (Select all that apply.)	ngaged scholar, how would you curre	ntly define				
	Total responses (N): 45	0 Did not respond: 0					
Numeric value 1 2 3	Answer Activist Artist Interdisciplinarian	Frequ 20: 13 28:	5 45.56% 1 29.11% 8 64.00%				
4 5 6	Learner Mentee Mentor	33: 17: 23:	38.89%				
7 8 9	Researcher Scholar Student	32! 33I 24	73.33%				
10 11	Teacher Undecided	32: 1:	2 2.67%				
12	Other:	7	1 15.78%				

# Wordle Keyword - Other



## Journey:

Question		Multiple chor	ce - multiple ans	wers (check
about the	r understand the development of publicly eng e journey that led you to your current work. engaged scholarship in a significant way? (So	What experiences shape	•	
	Total responses (N): 450	Did not respond: 0		
Numeric value	Answer		Frequency	Percentage
1	Secondary school experience(s)		132	29.339
2	Collegiate experiences		241	53.56%
3	Graduate work		343	76.229
4	Personal or professional mentor(s)		284	63.119
5	Religious involvements		105	23.339
6	Cultural involvements		240	53.339
7	Community service		274	60.899
8	Work or internship experience		206	45.789
9	Family members and friends		176	39.119
10	Other:		94	20.899

#### **Motivations:**

	Multiple ci	hoice - multiple ans	wers (check
Question			
What do	you hope to accomplish through your engaged scholarship? (Sele	ct all that apply.	)
	Total responses (N): 445 Did not respond: 5		
Numeric value	Answer	Freauency	Percentage
1	Promote social justice	331	74.38%
2	Enact or support civic leadership	177	39.78%
3	Enact or support civic engagement and responsibility		67.87%
4	Social entrepreneurialism	63	14.16%
5	Improve pedagogy	270	60.67%
6	Enhance research methodology	178	40.00%
7 Expand knowledge, methods, and/or scholarship in the discipline		345	77.53%
8	Expand knowledge, methods, and/or scholarship in the public	320	71.919
9	Provide support/mentorship for your research population	209	46.97%
10	Personal growth	269	60.45%
11	Other:	37	8.319

Multiple ( Question	choice - one answer (button)				
How important was/is it for you to find a position after graduate school at a college or university that values publicly engaged scholarship?					
	Total responses (N): 447	Did not respond: 3			
Numeric					
value	Answer	Frequency 42	Percentage 9.40%		
1	Not important				
2	Somewhat important	71	15.889		
3	Important	90	20.139		
4	Very important	125	27.969		
5	Extremely important	119	26.629		

#### Key Preliminary Data points from Structured Phone Interviews

#### **Emergent Typologies:**

Profile 1 – Cradle to community scholar (Sarah)

Profile 2 – Artist as engaged scholar (Cynthia)

Profile 3 – Teacher to Engaged Scholar (Tomas)

Profile 4 – Program coordinator to engaged administrator/scholar (Selinda)

(Profile 5) – Engaged Interdisciplinarian

(Profile 6) – Activist to Scholar

(Profile 7) – Engaged Pragmatist

#### **Selected References**

- Beckman, M., Brandenberger, J. W., & Shappell, A. S. (2009). Graduate Students and Community-Based Learning. Academic Exchange Quarterly, 13(3). Boyer, E. L. (1990). *Scholarship reconsidered: Priorities of the professoriate*. Princeton, N.J.: Carnegie Foundation for the Advancement of Teaching.
- Boyer, E. L. (1995). From scholarship reconsidered to scholarship assessed. Paper presented at the National Association for Physical Education in Higher Education, Palm Springs, CA.
- Boyer, E. L. (1996). From Scholarship Reconsidered to Scholarship Assessed. QUEST, 48, 129-139.
- Calhoun, C. J. (2006). The University and the Public Good. Thesis Eleven, 82(1).
- Cantor, N. (2009). A New Morrill Act: Higher Education Anchors the 'Remaking of America'. The Presidency, 12(3), 16. Cantor, N. (2008). Candidates, Hear the Cry: "No Group Left behind". *Chronicle of Higher Education*, 55(5), A33. Retrieved from http://chronicle.com/article/Candidates-Hear-the-Cry-/7201/
- Checkoway, B. (2001). Renewing the civic mission of the American research university. *The Journal of Higher Education*, 72(2), 125-147.
- Doberneck, D. M., Glass, C. R., & Schweitzer, J. (2010). From Rhetoric to Reality: A Typology of Publically Engaged Scholarship. Driscoll, A. (2009). Carnegie's new community engagement classification: Affirming higher education's role in community. New Directions for Higher Education, 2009(147), 5-12.
- Eatman, T. K. (2009). Engaged Scholarship and Faculty Rewards: A National Conversation. *Diversity & Democracy*, 12(1), 18-19.
- Evans, S. Y. (2009). African Americans and community engagement in higher education: community service, service-learning, and community-based research. Albany: State University of New York Press. Ellison, J., & Eatman, T. K. (2008). Scholarship in public: Knowledge creation and tenure policy in the engaged university. Syracuse, NY: Imagining America.
- Jaeger, A. J., R.Sandmann, L., & Kim, J. (2010). Not Just One Way: Advising Graduate Students in Community-Engaged Scholarship Unpublished manuscript.
- Jordan, C. M., Seifer, S. D., Sandmann, L. R., & Gelmon, S. B. (2009). CES4Health.info: Development of a Mechanism for the Peer Review and Dissemination of Innovative Products of Community-Engaged Scholarship. International Journal of Prevention Practice and Research.
- O'Meara, K. A. (2010). "Because I can . . . . . . " (H. E. Department of Educational Leadership, and International Education, Trans.). In K. Foundation (Ed.), *Exploring Faculty Civic Agency and What Supports It.* College Park: University of Maryland.
- Obama, B. (2010). Remarks by the President at University of Michigan Spring Commencement. Retrieved from http://www.whitehouse.gov/the-press-office/remarks-president-university-michigan-spring-commencement
- Saltmarsh, J., Dwight E. Giles, J., O'Mera, K., Sandman, L., Ward, E., & Buflione, S. M. (2009). Community engagement and institutional culture in higher education: An investigation of faculty reward policies at enaged campuses In S. H. Billig, Moely, B.E, and Holland, B.A. (Ed.), Creating Our Identities in Service-Learning and Community Engagement (Vol. 10, pp. 3-29). Charlotte, NC: Information Age Publishing.
- Sturm, S. (2006). The Architecture of Inclusion: Advancing Workplace Equity in Higher Education. Harvard women's law journal., 29(2), 247.